

1
2
3 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
4 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**
5 **SAN JOSE DIVISION**
6

7 SPACE DATA CORPORATION,
8 Plaintiff,
9 v.
10 X, et al.,
11 Defendants.

Case No. 16-cv-03260-BLF

**ORDER GRANTING MOTIONS TO
SEAL**

[Re: ECF 74, 78, 81]

12
13 Before the Court are Plaintiff Space Data Corporation (“Space Data”)’s motions to file
14 under seal portions of its Second Amended Complaint, proposed Third Amended Complaint and
15 exhibits thereto. ECF 74, 78, 81. The motion at ECF 81 is a corrected version of the motion at
16 ECF 74. The motions are unopposed. For the reasons discussed below, the Court GRANTS
17 Space Data’s motions.

18 **I. LEGAL STANDARD**

19 “Historically, courts have recognized a ‘general right to inspect and copy public records
20 and documents, including judicial records and documents.’” *Kamakana v. City & Cty. of*
21 *Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting *Nixon v. Warner Commc’ns, Inc.*, 435
22 U.S. 589, 597 & n. 7 (1978)). Accordingly, when considering a sealing request, “a ‘strong
23 presumption in favor of access’ is the starting point.” *Id.* (quoting *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto.*
24 *Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 2003)). Parties seeking to seal judicial records relating to
25 motions that are “more than tangentially related to the underlying cause of action” bear the burden
26 of overcoming the presumption with “compelling reasons” that outweigh the general history of
27 access and the public policies favoring disclosure. *Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp.*, 809 F.3d
28 1092, 1099 (9th Cir. 2016); *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178–79.

1 However, “while protecting the public’s interest in access to the courts, we must remain
2 mindful of the parties’ right to access those same courts upon terms which will not unduly harm
3 their competitive interest.” *Apple Inc. v. Samsung Elecs. Co., Ltd.*, 727 F.3d 1214, 1228–29 (Fed.
4 Cir. 2013). Records attached to motions that are “not related, or only tangentially related, to the
5 merits of a case” therefore are not subject to the strong presumption of access. *Ctr. for Auto*
6 *Safety*, 809 F.3d at 1099; *see also Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (“[T]he public has less of a need
7 for access to court records attached only to non-dispositive motions because those documents are
8 often unrelated, or only tangentially related, to the underlying cause of action.”). Parties moving
9 to seal the documents attached to such motions must meet the lower “good cause” standard of
10 Rule 26(c). *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179 (internal quotations and citations omitted). This
11 standard requires a “particularized showing,” *id.*, that “specific prejudice or harm will result” if the
12 information is disclosed. *Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. Gen. Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206,
13 1210–11 (9th Cir. 2002); *see Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)*. “Broad allegations of harm, unsubstantiated
14 by specific examples of articulated reasoning” will not suffice. *Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int’l Ins.*
15 *Co.*, 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992). A protective order sealing the documents during
16 discovery may reflect the court’s previous determination that good cause exists to keep the
17 documents sealed, *see Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1179–80, but a blanket protective order that allows
18 the parties to designate confidential documents does not provide sufficient judicial scrutiny to
19 determine whether each particular document should remain sealed. *See Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(A)*
20 *(“Reference to a stipulation or protective order that allows a party to designate certain documents*
21 *as confidential is not sufficient to establish that a document, or portions thereof, are sealable.”)*.

22 In addition to making particularized showings of good cause, parties moving to seal
23 documents must comply with the procedures established by Civ. L.R. 79-5. Pursuant to Civ. L.R.
24 79-5(b), a sealing order is appropriate only upon a request that establishes the document is
25 “sealable,” or “privileged or protectable as a trade secret or otherwise entitled to protection under
26 the law.” “The request must be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material, and
27 must conform with Civil L.R. 79-5(d).” Civ. L.R. 79-5(b). In part, Civ. L.R. 79-5(d) requires the
28 submitting party to attach a “proposed order that is narrowly tailored to seal only the sealable

material” which “lists in table format each document or portion thereof that is sought to be sealed,” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(b), and an “unredacted version of the document” that indicates “by highlighting or other clear method, the portions of the document that have been omitted from the redacted version.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(d)(1)(d). “Within 4 days of the filing of the Administrative Motion to File Under Seal, the Designating Party must file a declaration as required by subsection 79-5(d)(1)(A) establishing that all of the designated material is sealable.” Civ. L.R. 79-5(e)(1).

II. DISCUSSION

Because the sealing motions relates to Space Data’s complaints, which is more than tangentially related to the merits of the case, the instant motions are resolved under the compelling reasons standard. With this standard in mind, the Court rules on the instant motions as follows:


<u>ECF No.</u>	<u>Document to be Sealed</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Reasoning</u>
74-8	Second Amended Complaint	GRANTED as to highlighted portions.	The highlighted portions contain technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data’s trade secrets, as well as confidential financial and business information that is competitively sensitive. <i>See Ritchie Decl.</i> ¶¶ 5-7, ECF 81-1.
74-9 74-10 74-11 74-12 74-13	Exhibit C to the Second Amended Complaint	GRANTED.	The entirety of the exhibit contains technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data’s trade secrets. <i>See Ritchie Decl.</i> ¶ 5.
74-14	Exhibit D to the Second Amended Complaint	GRANTED.	The entirety of the exhibit contains technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data’s trade secrets. <i>See Ritchie Decl.</i> ¶ 6, ECF 81-1.
78-4	Third Amended Complaint	GRANTED as to highlighted portions.	The highlighted portions contain technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data’s trade secrets, as well as confidential financial and business information that is competitively sensitive. <i>See Ritchie Decl.</i> ¶¶ 5-7, ECF 78-1.
78-5 78-6 78-7 78-8 78-9	Exhibit C to the Third Amended Complaint	GRANTED.	The entirety of the exhibit contains technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data’s trade secrets. <i>See Ritchie Decl.</i> ¶ 5, ECF 78-1..

1 2 3	78-10	Exhibit D to the Third Amended Complaint	GRANTED.	The entirety of the exhibit contains technical proprietary confidential information, including Space Data's trade secrets. <i>See</i> Ritchie Decl. ¶ 6, ECF 78-1.
-------------	-------	------------------------------------------------	----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

4 For the foregoing reasons, the sealing motions at ECF 78, 81 are GRANTED. The sealing
5 motion at ECF 74 has been corrected by the motion at ECF 81 and thus is TERMINATED as
6 moot.

7 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

8
9 Dated: May 1, 2017

10 
11 BETH LABSON FREEMAN
12 United States District Judge
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28